

國立高雄大學九十四學年度研究所碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別：統計學研究所

科目：機率論

考試時間：100 分鐘

本科原始成績滿分 100 分

1. Suppose U_1 and U_2 are two independent uniform(0,1). Let $R = \sqrt{-2 \log U_1}$ and $\theta = 2\pi U_2$. Show that $X = R \cos \theta$ and $Y = R \sin \theta$ are two independent normal(0,1). (15%)
2. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent Poisson random variables with common mean λ . Find the conditional distribution of X_1 , given $\sum_{i=1}^n X_i$. (15%)
3. Let X_n be a chi-square distribution with degree of freedom n . Show that $(X_n - n)/\sqrt{2n}$ converges to the standard normal in distribution as n tend to infinity. (15%)
4. Suppose Z_1, Z_2 be two independent random variables with common distribution $f(x) = \lambda \exp\{-\lambda x\}$. Let $X = Z_1, Y = Z_1 Z_2 + Z_2$. Find (a) $E(Y|X = x)$, (b) $E(E(Y|X))$, (c) $Var(E(Y|X))$ (d) $Var(Y|X = x)$ and (e) $E(Var(Y|X))$. (15%)
5. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be a random sample drawn from a population with finite variance σ^2 and $S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2$ where $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$. Prove that $E(S) \leq \sigma$, and if $\sigma^2 > 0$, then $E(S) < \sigma$. Does S converges to σ in probability? Why? (20%)
6. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be independent exponential random variable with common mean λ^{-1} . Denote the first r ($r < n$) order statistics of X_i as $X_{(1)} \leq X_{(2)} \leq \dots \leq X_{(r)}$. Define $X_{(0)} = 0$. Show that $W_j = (n - j + 1)(X_{(j)} - X_{(j-1)})$, $j = 1, \dots, r$ are also independent exponential random variable with common mean λ^{-1} . Let $T = (n - r)X_{(r)} + \sum_{i=1}^r X_{(i)}$. What is the distribution function of T ? (Hint: Find the relation between T and W_j) (20%)